

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

McHenry Water System PWSID: 1111096 301-334-6983

In Accordance With: The U.S. Environmental Agency National Primary Drinking Water Regulation 40 CFR Parts 141 and 140

Introduction:

We are committed to providing you guidelines for safe drinking water McHenry Water Treatment Plant all the water produced at the asked questions. In 2008, once again, (USEPA), and answers to frequently Environmental Protection Agency standards set results, how they compare to water comes from, water quality tests Included are details about where your McHenry water treatment plant. year's water quality produced at the annual report is a summary of last our 2008 Water Quality Report. This It is our pleasure to provide you with all state and federal by the

hope you find this report informative and helpful. Please contact us with any questions or comments.

Where Does Your Drinking Water Originate:

The source of the McHenry Water Supply is the Greenbrier Formation, which is an unconfined, sandstone and shale aquifer. The McHenry Water System obtains all of its raw water from two separate wells (ground water). The wells are 309 and 210 feet deep. The Source Water Protection Area (SWPA) is approximately 456 acres and is irregular in shape.

How Your Water is Treated:

The raw water obtained from the two wells is combined and disinfected with chlorine to kill harmful bacteria and viruses.

Testing Parameters:

The McHenry Water System analyzes its finished drinking water for all parameters outlined in the National Primary Drinking Water Regulation 40 CFR Parts 141 and 142 unless a waiver has been granted by Maryland Department of the Environment, Water Management Administration. The system also analyzes for many unregulated chemical compounds. The Water Quality Data table on the back shows all of the contaminants detected in McHenry's drinking water between January 1 and December 31, 2008 unless dated otherwise.

Source Water Assessment:

The Garrett County Public Utilities has received from the Maryland Department of the Environment,

with information because informed customers are our best allies. We

microbiological contamination. compounds, other radionuclides, and compounds, organic compounds, synthetic organic radon-222 and nitrate. The system supply is moderately susceptible to determined that the McHenry Water Department of Public Utilities, (301) request to the is available for your review upon McHenry Water System. This report Source Water Assessment for the has a low susceptibility to volatile Water Management Administration. Supply Program, a Final 6976. other The assessment Garrett County

General Drinking Water Information:

must provide the same protection for contaminants in bottled water, which FDA regulations establish limits for provided by public water systems regulations that limit the amount of safe to drink, the EPA prescribes contaminants. To ensure tap water is contaminants contaminants, dissolves naturally occurring minerals contaminants, source water animals or from human activity. resulting from the presence of material, and can pick up substances and, in some cases, radioactive streams, reservoirs, springs and wells. Contaminants that may be present in the land or through the ground, it tap and bottled) include rivers, lakes. As water travels over the surface of The sources of drinking water (both contaminants organic include microbial and radioactive pesticides Ħ. chemical inorganic

Drinking water, including bottled water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of

contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-4791).

The Bottom Line:

of infection by Cryptosporidium and Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426other microbial contaminants are appropriate means to lessen the risk USEPA/CDC water from their health care provider. should seek advice about drinking infants may be particularly at risk system disorders, some elderly and with HIV/Aids or other immune undergone organ transplants, people compromised individuals such as some individuals may be more from infections. Those individuals chemotherapy, persons who have drinking population vulnerable drinking water standards. However, Last year your tap water met all with water. to contaminants in than the general cancer undergoing guidelines Immuno-

For More Information:

Please contact the Garrett County Department of Public Utilities at 301-334-6983 or the Laboratory Director at 301-387-6162 for additional information regarding the data in this report. The Board of Garrett County Commissioners holds regularly scheduled public meetings every Tuesday at 9:00am. The public meeting room is located in the Court House at 203 South 4th Street, Oakland, MD. Please call to schedule your topic on the agenda for discussion at any regularly scheduled meeting.

WATER QUALITY DATA TABLE

Regulated Contaminants	Units	Md-lerry Water	Highest Level Allowed MOL	Ideal Goal MCLG	Sample Date	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Copper	pm	960	AL=1.3	1.3	Dac-08	corrosion of household plumbing systems
Nhratos		₹	5	5	S	run-off from fertilizer and leaching from septic
						Dsdrarge from drilling waste and metal
Barium	pm	0.088	2	2	Oz-06	refineries. Erosion of ratrual deposits
Unregulated Contaminants				No.		
Stodium	ppm	43	not regulated	10	Ox-06	
Sulfate	pm	140	not regulated	19 19	Feb-05	a personal personal arrival ar
Chloride	ppm	15	not regulated		Feb-05	

contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and weather future regulation is warranted Unregulated contaminants are those for which the EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, is more than one year old. The Maryland Dept. of the Environment requires monitoring for some contaminants less than once per year because the

report was received by MDE on July 15, 2008 VIOLATIONS: The McHenry Water Plant failed to deliver the annual Consumer Confident Report to MDE by July 1, 2007. The

LEAD IN DRINKING WATER

exposure is available from the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead," wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize tap for 30 seconds before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your Utilities is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing "If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Department of

Terms and Units Defined:

NTU - Nephelometric urbidity Unit:

cloudiness of the water. furbidity is a measure of the

contaminant in to reduce the level of a A required process intended TT - Treatment Technique: drinking

AL - Action Level:

exceeded, triggers treatment contaminant, or other requirements for the water system. concentration which,

\$10,000 Corresponds to one penny in ppm - parts per million:

\$10,000,000. Corresponds to one penny in ppb - parts per billion:

MCL - Maximum

The highest level Contaminant Level: of

treatment technology contaminant that is allowed in as close to the MCLGs as drinking water. MCLs are set feasible using best available

MCLG - Maximum

Contaminant Level Goal:

risk to health. MCLGs allow drinking water below which for a margin of safety. there is no known or expected The level of a contaminant in

A measure of radioactivity. pCi/l - picocuries per liter: